"I Can" Do Math<br>(Operations \& Algebraic Thinking)

I can write and solve problems using addition and subtraction.
$\square$ 1.OA.A. 1 I can use different strategies for addition to solve word problems. (within 20)
$\square$ 1.OA.A. 1 I can use different strategies for subtraction to solve word problems. (within 20)
$\square$ 1.OA.A. 2 I can solve word problems where I have to add 3 whole numbers.

I can understand and use what I know about addition and subtraction.
$\square$ 1.OA.B. 3 I can use fact families to help me solve addition problems. (commutative)
$\square$ 1.OA.B. 3 I can use addition facts I know well to help me solve problems where there are more than two numbers. (associative)
$\square$ 1.OA.B. 4 I can use what I know about addition facts to help me answer subtraction fact problems.

I can add and subtract any numbers from 0 to 20.
$\square$ 1.OA.C. 5 I can understand how counting up is like adding and counting down is like subtracting.
$\square$ 1.OA.C. 6 I can add facts within 20.
$\square$ 1.OA.C. 6 I can subtract facts within 20.
I can work with addition and subtraction number sentences.
$\square$ 1.OA.D. 7 I can tell if addition or subtraction number sentences are true because I understand what an equal sign means.
$\square$ 1.OA.D. 8 I can figure out what a missing number is in an addition or subtraction problem.

"I Can" Do Math<br>(Numbers \& Operations in Base Ten)

## I can count up.


$\square$ 1.NBT.A. 1 I can count up to 120 starting at any number under 120.
$\square$ 1.NBT.A. 1 I can read and write my numbers to show how many objects are in a group. (up to 120)

I can understand place value.
$\square$ 1.NBT.B. 2 I can tell how many tens and how many ones are in a number.
$\square$ 1.NBT.B.2A I can show that I know what a "ten" is.
$\square$ 1.NBT.B.2B I can show that any number between 11 and 19 is a group of "ten" and a certain number of ones.
$\square$ 1.NBT.B.2C I can show that I understand the numbers I use when I count by tens, have a certain number of tens and 0 ones.
$\square$ 1.NBT.B. 3 I can compare two-digit numbers using <, =, and > because I understand tens and ones.

I can use what I know about place value to help me add and subtract.
1.NBT.C. 4 I can use math strategies to help me solve and explain addition problems within 100.
1.NBT.C. 4 I can use objects and pictures to help me solve and explain addition problems within 100.
$\square$ 1.NBT.C. 4 I can understand that adding two-digit numbers means I add the ones and then the tens.
$\square$ 1.NBT.C. 4 I can understand that when I add two-digit numbers, sometimes I have to make a group of ten from the ones. (regroup)
$\square$ 1.NBT.C. 5 I can find 10 more or 10 less in my head.
$\square$ 1.NBT.C. 6 I can use different strategies to subtract multiples of 10 (10-90) from numbers under 100, write the matching number sentence and explain my strategy.

## "I Can" Do Math

(Measurement \& Data)
I can understand length.
$\square$ 1.MD.A. 1 I can put three objects in order from longest to shortest and compare their lengths.
$\square$ 1.MD.A. 2 I can tell the length of an object using whole numbers.
$\square$ 1.MD.A. 2 I can show that I understand how to measure something by using a smaller object as a measurement tool.

## I can tell time.

$\square$ 1.MD.B. 3 I can tell and write time in hours and half-hours using any kind of clock.

I can understand how information is shared using numbers.
$\square$ 1.MD.C. 4 I can organize, show and explain number information in a way that makes sense.
$\square$ 1.MD.C. 4 I can ask and answer questions about number information that is organized.

## "I Can" Do Math <br> (Geometry)



I can understand shapes better by using what I notice about them.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 1 I can understand and tell about the parts that make different shapes unique.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 1 I can build and draw shapes that have certain parts.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 2 I can create two-dimensional shapes. (rectangles, squares, trapezoids, triangles, half-circles and quarter-circles)
$\square$ 1.G.A. 2 I can create three-dimensional shapes. (cubes, right rectangular prisms, right circular cones and right circular cylinders)
$\square$ 1.G.A. 2 I can use two- and three-dimensional shapes to create new shapes.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 3 I can understand that "halves" means two equal parts and "fourths" or "quarters" means four equal parts.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 3 I can break circles and rectangles into equal parts and use the words whole, halves, fourths, and quarters to talk about them.
$\square$ 1.G.A. 3 I can understand that breaking circles or rectangles into more equal parts means that the parts will be smaller.

